

**Grant Thornton** 

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# **EMF Tankers XX ApS**

Kongens Nytorv 22, 1050 København K

Company reg. no. 40 83 45 67

**Annual report** 

2 October - 31 December 2019

The annual report was submitted and approved by the general meeting on the 26 August 2020.

MADS SURENSEN

Chairman of the meeting

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<sup>Notes:
To ensure the greatest possible applicability of this document, IAS/IFRS British English terminology has been used.
Please note that decimal points have not been used in the usual English way. This means that for instance DKK 146,940 means the amount of DKK 146,940, and that 23,5 % means 23,5 %.</sup> 

### Management's report

Today, the executive board has presented the annual report of EMF Tankers XX ApS for the financial year 2 October - 31 December 2019.

The annual report has been presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

We consider the accounting policies appropriate and, in our opinion, the financial statements provide a fair presentation of the company's assets, equity and liabilities, and financial position at 31 December 2019 and of the company's results of activities in the financial year 2 October – 31 December 2019.

We are of the opinion that the management commentary presents a fair account of the issues dealt with.

We recommend that the annual report be approved by the general meeting.

Copenhagen, 26 August 2020

Executive board

Martin Haugaard

#### Independent auditor's report

#### To the shareholders of EMF Tankers XX ApS

#### Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of EMF Tankers XX ApS for the financial year 2 October - 31 December 2019, which comprise accounting policies, income statement, statement of financial position and notes. The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements present a fair view of the company's assets, equity and liabilities, and financial position at 31 December 2019 and of the results of the company's activities for the financial year 2 October - 31 December 2019 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

#### Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with international standards on auditing and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the section "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements". We are independent of the company in accordance with international ethical requirements for auditors (IESBA's Code of Ethics), and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Responsibilities of management and those charged with governance for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that provide a fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act. Management is also responsible for such internal control as the management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

#### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements, as a whole, are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report including an opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with international standards on auditing, and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

#### Independent auditor's report

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with international standards on auditing, and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of the internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
  procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
  opinion on the effectiveness of the company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's preparation of the financial statements using the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists arising from events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure, and contents of the financial statements, including disclosures in notes, and whether the financial statements reflect the underlying transactions and events in a manner that presents a fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in the internal control that we identify during our audit.

#### Statement on the management commentary

Management is responsible for the management commentary.

Our opinion on and the financial statements does not cover the management commentary, and we express no assurance opinion thereon.

### Independent auditor's report

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, it is our responsibility to read the management commentary and to consider whether the management commentary is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or the evidence obtained during the audit, or whether it otherwise appears to contain material misstatement.

Furthermore, it is our responsibility to consider whether the management commentary provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we believe that management commentary is consistent with the financial statements and that it has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statement Act. We did not discover any material misstatement in the management commentary.

Copenhagen, 26 August 2020

**Grant Thornton** 

State Authorised Public Accountants Company rcg. no. 34,20 99 36

Michael Beuchert State Authorised Public Accountant

mne32794

### Company information

The company EMF Tankers XX ApS

Kongens Nytorv 22 1050 København K

Company reg. no.

40 83 45 67

Financial year:

2 October - 31 December

Executive board

Mads Sørensen

Martin Haugaard

**Auditors** 

Grant Thornton, Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab

Stockholmsgade 45

2100 København Ø

Bankers

Spar Nord A/S

Parent company

Martin Haugaard Holding ApS

### Management commentary

### The principal activities of the company

The company's purpose is to invest directly and indirectly, as well as carrying on other activities that are naturally related to shipping.

### Development in activities and financial matters

The gross loss for the year totals TDKK -2.009. Income or loss from ordinary activities after tax totals TDKK -2.079.

### Events occurring after the end of the financial year

No events have occured subsequent to the balance sheet date, which would have a material impact on the financial position of the company.

#### Accounting policies

The annual report for EMF Tankers XX ApS has been presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act regulations concerning reporting class B enterprises. Furthermore, the company has decided to comply with certain rules applying to reporting class C enterprises.

#### Recognition and measurement in general

Income is recognised in the income statement concurrently with its realisation, including the recognition of value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities. Likewise, all costs are recognised in the income statement, including depreciations amortisations, writedowns for impairment, provisions, and reversals due to changes in estimated amounts previously recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the statement of financial position when it seems probable that future economic benefits will flow to the company and the value of the asset can be reliably measured.

Liabilities are recognised in the statement of financial position when it is seems probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the company and the value of the liability can be reliably measured.

Assets and liabilities are measured at cost at the initial recognition. Hereafter, assets and liabilities are measured as described below for each individual accounting item.

Upon recognition and measurement, allowances are made for such predictable losses and risks which may arise prior to the presentation of the annual report and concern matters that exist on the reporting date.

#### Foreign currency translation

Transactions in foreign currency are translated by using the exchange rate prevailing at the date of transaction. Exchange rate differences arising between the rate at the date of transaction and the rate at the date of payment are recognised in the income statement as an item under net financials.

Receivables, payables, and other foreign currency monetary items are translated using the closing rate. The difference between the closing rate and the rate at the time of the occurrence or initial recognition in the latest financial statements of the receivable or payable is recognised in the income statement under financial income and expenses.

#### Income statement

#### Gross loss

Gross loss comprises external costs.

Other external costs comprise costs for administration.

#### **Accounting policies**

#### Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses comprise interest, realised and unrealised capital gains and losses concerning financial assets and liabilities, amortisation of financial assets and liabilities, additions and reimbursements under the Danish tax prepayment scheme, etc. Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement with the amounts concerning the financial year.

Dividend from equity investments in associates is recognised in the financial year in which the dividend is declared.

#### Tax on net profit or loss for the year

Tax for the year comprises the current income tax for the year and changes in deferred tax and is recognised in the income statement with the share attributable to the net profit or loss for the year and directly in equity with the share attributable to entries directly in equity.

The company is subject to Danish rules on compulsory joint taxation of Danish group enterprises.

The current Danish income tax is allocated among the jointly taxed companies proportional to their respective taxable income (full allocation with reimbursement of tax losses).

### Statement of financial position

#### Investments

#### Equity investments in associates

Equity investments in associates are measured at cost. If the recoverable amount is lower than the cost, writedown for impairment is done to match this lower value.

#### Cash on hand and demand deposits

Cash on hand and demand deposits comprise cash at bank.

#### **Equity**

#### Dividend

Dividend expected to be distributed for the year is recognised as a separate item under equity. Proposed dividend is recognised as a liability at the time of approval by the annual general meeting (time of declaration).

#### Liabilities other than provisions

Other liabilities other than provisions are measured at amortised cost which usually corresponds to the nominal value.

### Income statement

All amounts in	DKK.
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All ar	mounts in DKK.	
Note	3	2/10 2019 - 31/12 2019
	Gross loss	-2.008.662
1	Other financial costs	-70.288
	Pre-tax net profit or loss	-2.078.950
2	Tax on net profit or loss for the year	0
	Net profit or loss for the year	-2.078.950
	Proposed appropriation of net profit:	
	Allocated from retained earnings	-2.078.950
	Total allocations and transfers	-2.078.950

## Statement of financial position

All amounts in DKK.

Assets	
Note	31/12 2019
Non-current assets	
Equity investments in associated enterprises	20.069.803
Total investments	20.069.803
Total non-current assets	20.069.803
Current assets	
Cash on hand and demand deposits	1.397.002
Total current assets	1.397.002
Total assets	21.466.805

# Statement of financial position

All amounts in DKK.

Equity	and	liabilities
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	Equity and liabilities	
Note	3	31/12 2019
	Equity	
3	Contributed capital	23.340.064
4	Retained earnings	-2.078.950
	Total equity	21.261.114
	Liabilities other than provisions	
	Other debts	205.691
	Total short term liabilities other than provisions	205,691
	Total liabilities other than provisions	205.691
	Total equity and liabilities	21.466.805

- 5 Mortgage and securities
- Contingencies

Not	es	
All a	amounts in DKK.	
		2/10 2019 - 31/12 2019
1.	Other financial costs	
	Other financial costs	70.288
		70.288
2.	Tax on net profit or loss for the year	
	Tax of the results for the year	0
		0
3.	Contributed capital	
	Contributed capital 2 October 2019	40.000
	Cash capital increase	23.325.064 -25.000
	Cash capital reduction	23.340.064
4.	Retained earnings	
	Profit or loss for the year brought forward	-2.078.950
		-2.078.950
5.	Mortgage and securities	
	The company has no mortgage and securities as of 31 December 2019.	
6.	Contingencies	
	Contingent liabilities	
	The company has no contingent liabilities as of 31 December 2019.	

### Notes

All amounts in DKK.

### 6. Contingencies (continued)

#### Joint taxation

With Martin Haugaard Holding ApS, company reg. no 38 75 17 51 as administration company, the company is subject to the Danish scheme of joint taxation and unlimitedly, jointly, and severally liable, along with the other jointly taxed companies, for the total corporation tax.

The company is unlimitedly, jointly, and severally liable, along with the other jointly taxed companies, for any obligations to withhold tax on interest, royalties, and dividends.

Any subsequent adjustments of corporate taxes or withholding tax, etc., may result in changes in the company's liabilities.